

**1/EH-16 (i) (Syllabus-2017)**

**2023**

( November )

**ECONOMICS**

( Elective/Honours )

**( Introductory Economic Theory )**

*Marks : 75*

*Time : 3 hours*

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks  
for the questions*

Answer **five** questions, taking **one** from each Unit

**UNIT—I**

1. (a) How does the law of demand behave in the case of—
- (i) goods having prestige value;
  - (ii) Giffen goods? 3+3=6
- (b) Differentiate between point and arc elasticity of demand. Explain how convexity of a demand curve affects the measurement of arc elasticity. 6+3=9
2. Explain why— 5×3=15
- (a) an indifference curve is convex to the origin;
  - (b) two indifference curves cannot intersect each other;
  - (c) marginal rate of substitution between two goods diminishes.

( 2 )

**UNIT—II**

3. What are the assumptions of the law of variable proportions? Elaborate what happens in each stage of the above law with an appropriate illustration.  $5+10=15$
4. (a) Why is the short-run average cost curve U-shaped?  
(b) Examine the relationship between average and marginal revenue curves under perfect and imperfect competition.  
(c) What is the value of marginal revenue when elasticity of demand is equal to one?  $6+6+3=15$

**UNIT—III**

5. State and explain the important features of monopolistic competition. How is group equilibrium achieved under monopolistic competition?  $6+9=15$
6. Critically examine Knight's theory of profit. 15

**UNIT—IV**

7. Differentiate between the following :  $5 \times 3 = 15$
- (a) GNP and GDP  
(b) NDP at market prices and NDP at factor cost  
(c) Nominal GNP and real GNP

( 3 )

8. (a) What are the difficulties associated with measurement of national income in developing countries?  
(b) Discuss the circular flow of income in a four-sector economy.  $5+10=15$

**UNIT—V**

9. In relation to the classical theory of employment, critically analyze the following :  $5 \times 3 = 15$
- (a) Supply creates its own demand  
(b) Money is neutral  
(c) Wage-price flexibility
10. (a) Given the consumption function  $C = a + bY$ , discuss the relationship between APC and MPC with a diagram.  
(b) What is marginal efficiency of capital (MEC) and how is it calculated?  
(c) Briefly explain the concept of accelerator.  $5+5+5=15$

\*\*\*